Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1-11. (Canceled).

12. (Previously Presented) A method for operating a metering valve which sets a flow rate of a reagent to be introduced into an exhaust gas area of an internal combustion engine, the method comprising:

providing a diagnosis of the metering valve including an analysis of a measure of a flow rate on the basis of a pressure difference during a diagnosis time, wherein the providing includes starting the diagnosis with a diagnosis start signal, which triggers a diagnosis control unit;

after an occurrence of the diagnosis start signal, bringing the reagent to a predefined diagnosis start pressure while the metering valve is kept closed;

then setting the metering valve at a predefined flow rate; analyzing the pressure difference occurring during the diagnosis time; and analyzing an amount of reagent dispensed by the metering valve during the diagnosis

time and collected in a graduated breaker.

13. (Previously Presented) A method for operating a metering valve which sets a flow rate of a reagent to be introduced into an exhaust gas area of an internal combustion engine, the method comprising:

providing a diagnosis of the metering valve including an analysis of a measure of a flow rate on the basis of a pressure difference during a diagnosis time;

after an occurrence of a diagnosis start signal, bringing the reagent to a predefined diagnosis start pressure while the metering valve is kept closed;

then setting the metering valve at a predefined flow rate;

fixedly predefining the pressure difference; and

providing a warning signal when the diagnosis time exceeds a predefined diagnosis time limit.

14. (Currently Amended) A method for operating a metering valve which sets a flow rate of a reagent to be introduced into an exhaust gas area of an internal combustion engine, the method comprising:

providing a diagnosis of the metering valve including an analysis of a measure of a flow rate on the basis of a pressure difference during a diagnosis time;

after an occurrence of a diagnosis start signal, bringing the reagent to a predefined diagnosis start pressure while the metering valve is kept closed;

then setting the metering valve to an open position for providing [[at]] a predefined flow rate;

fixedly predefining the diagnosis time; and

supplying a warning signal when the pressure difference exceeds a predefined pressure difference limit during the diagnosis time.

- 15. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 14, further comprising providing an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of <u>one of (a)</u> the ascertained measure for the flow rate, and (b) the pressure difference measures in the predefined diagnosis time.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 14, further comprising providing an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the pressure difference measured in the predefined diagnosis time.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein the start signal includes at least one of: (a) a first diagnosis start signal supplied by an internal combustion engine control unit, (b) a second diagnosis start signal supplied by a freeze cycle counter, (c) a third diagnosis start signal supplied by an after-running control unit, and (d) a fourth diagnosis start signal supplied by a diagnosis device.

18. (Previously Presented) A device for operating a metering valve which sets a flow rate of a reagent to be introduced into an exhaust gas area of an internal combustion engine, the device comprising a diagnosis control unit for performing the following:

providing a diagnosis of the metering valve including an analysis of a measure of a flow rate on the basis of a pressure difference during a diagnosis time;

after an occurrence of a diagnosis start signal, bringing the reagent to a predefined diagnosis start pressure while the metering valve is kept closed;

then setting the metering valve at a predefined flow rate;

fixedly predefining the pressure difference; and

providing a warning signal when the diagnosis time exceeds a predefined diagnosis time limit.

- 19. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 18, wherein the device includes an arrangement configured to provide an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the ascertained measure for the flow rate.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 18, wherein the device includes an arrangement configured to provide an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the pressure difference.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 18, wherein a start of the diagnosis is triggered by at least one of: (a) a first diagnosis start signal supplied by an internal combustion engine control unit, (b) a second diagnosis start signal supplied by a freeze cycle counter, (c) a third diagnosis start signal supplied by an after-running control unit, and (d) a fourth diagnosis start signal supplied by a diagnosis device.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 18, wherein the device is configured for starting the diagnosis with the start signal, which triggers the diagnosis control unit, and the diagnosis control unit is configured to analyze an amount of reagent dispensed by the metering valve during the diagnosis time and collected in a graduated breaker.

23. (Previously Presented) A device for operating a metering valve which sets a flow rate of a reagent to be introduced into an exhaust gas area of an internal combustion engine, the device comprising a diagnosis control unit for performing the following:

providing a diagnosis of the metering valve including an analysis of a measure of a flow rate on the basis of a pressure difference during a diagnosis time, the diagnosis control unit being triggered for a start of the diagnosis by a diagnosis start signal;

after an occurrence of the diagnosis start signal, bringing the reagent to a predefined diagnosis start pressure while the metering valve is kept closed;

then setting the metering valve at a predefined flow rate;
analyzing the pressure difference occurring during the diagnosis time; and
analyzing an amount of reagent dispensed by the metering valve during the diagnosis
time and collected in a graduated breaker.

- 24. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 23, wherein the device includes an arrangement configured to provide an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the ascertained measure for the flow rate.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 23, wherein the device includes an arrangement configured to provide an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the pressure difference.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 23, wherein the start signal includes at least one of: (a) a first diagnosis start signal supplied by an internal combustion engine control unit, (b) a second diagnosis start signal supplied by a freeze cycle counter, (c) a third diagnosis start signal supplied by an after-running control unit, and (d) a fourth diagnosis start signal supplied by a diagnosis device.

27. (Currently Amended) A device for operating a metering valve which sets a flow rate of a reagent to be introduced into an exhaust gas area of an internal combustion engine, the device comprising a diagnosis control unit for performing the following:

providing a diagnosis of the metering valve including an analysis of a measure of a flow rate on the basis of a pressure difference during a diagnosis time;

after an occurrence of a diagnosis start signal, bringing the reagent to a predefined diagnosis start pressure while the metering valve is kept closed;

then setting the metering valve to an open position for providing [[at]] a predefined flow rate;

fixedly predefining the diagnosis time; and

supplying a waning signal when the pressure difference exceeds a predefined pressure difference limit during the diagnosis time.

- 28. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 27, wherein the device includes an arrangement configured to provide an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the ascertained measure for the flow rate.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 27, wherein the device includes an arrangement configured to provide an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the pressure difference measured in the predefined diagnosis time.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 27, wherein a start of the diagnosis is triggered by at least one of: (a) a first diagnosis start signal supplied by an internal combustion engine control unit, (b) a second diagnosis start signal supplied by a freeze cycle counter, (c) a third diagnosis start signal supplied by an after-running control unit, and (d) a fourth diagnosis start signal supplied by a diagnosis device.

- 31. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 27, wherein the device is configured for starting the diagnosis with the start signal, which triggers the diagnosis control unit, and the diagnosis control unit is configured to analyze an amount of reagent dispensed by the metering valve during the diagnosis time and collected in a graduated breaker.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 27, wherein the setting of the metering valve at the predefined flow rate includes opening the metering valve.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 14, further comprising: starting the diagnosis with the start signal, which triggers a diagnosis control unit; and analyzing an amount of reagent dispensed by the metering valve during the diagnosis time and collected in a graduated breaker.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein the setting of the metering valve at a predefined flow rate includes opening the metering valve.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, further comprising providing an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the ascertained measure for the flow rate.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, further comprising providing an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the pressure difference.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, wherein a start of the diagnosis is triggered by at least one of: (a) a first diagnosis start signal supplied by an internal combustion engine control unit, (b) a second diagnosis start signal supplied by a freeze cycle counter, (c) a third diagnosis start signal supplied by an after-running control unit, and (d) a fourth diagnosis start signal supplied by a diagnosis device.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, further comprising: starting the diagnosis with the start signal, which triggers a diagnosis control unit; and analyzing an amount of reagent dispensed by the metering valve during the diagnosis time and collected in a graduated breaker.

- 39. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 12, further comprising providing an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the ascertained measure for the flow rate.
- 40. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 12, further comprising providing an adaptation of a metering valve signal delivered by a metering control unit to the metering valve during metering operation as a function of the pressure difference.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 12, wherein the start signal includes at least one of: (a) a first diagnosis start signal supplied by an internal combustion engine control unit, (b) a second diagnosis start signal supplied by a freeze cycle counter, (c) a third diagnosis start signal supplied by an after-running control unit, and (d) a fourth diagnosis start signal supplied by a diagnosis device.
- 42. (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein the predefined diagnosis start pressure has a predefined pressure value.